

# European Convention for Constructional Steelwork ECCS | CECM | EKS

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# ECCS Press-Release | 18.07.2013

# European Steel Design Awards 2013

Outstanding design in steel construction emphasizes the many advantages of steel in construction, production, economy and architecture. The European Steel Design Awards are given by the European Convention for Constructional Steelwork (ECCS) every two years to encourage the creative and outstanding use of steel in architecture and construction.

Steel offers new solutions and opportunities, allowing architects and engineers to stretch their imagination and actually create some of the challenging structures. Structural steel is low cost, strength, durability, design flexibility, adaptability, recyclability and sustainability making it the material of choice in building construction. Within the European Steel Design Awards, the most outstanding European projects can be evaluated and brought to a larger, international audience – throughout their publication and the distinction of their creators and mentors.

The awards are therefore dedicated to the owner, the architects, the engineers and the steelwork contractor of one outstanding national project per member country in order to esteem their collaboration and the excellence of their work. The national member has evaluated the submitted projects within a professional jury and selected one as the national winner of ECCS Design Award 2013. ECCS has approved these entries according to the criteria and Award Regulations.

The European Convention for Constructional Steelwork has the pleasure to present the following projects for ECCS Steel Design Awards 2013.

# European Student Awards 2013

The Student Awards for Steel Design are a subcategory of European Steel Design Awards. The objective is to give European recognition to outstanding student projects in architectural design using structural steel as a prominent architectural feature. The rules are similar to the Steel Design Awards. The following national student projects have been awarded. (see last pages)

# **Publication**

The ECCS Steel Design Awards 2013 as well as the student awards are published on ECCS website: www.steelconstruct.com see > Steel Architecture > Design Awards

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# Awards Ceremony

The 2013 Award winning projects of 13 European countries will been presented to an international audience within the European Steel Construction Day 2013 in Milano during the Construction Fair MADE expo 2013 (October 3rd, 2013). Further information and inscription: <a href="https://www.acaiacs.it">www.acaiacs.it</a>

Press-Release: Evelyn C. Frisch, SZS | Chairperson MC01 Design Awards and Architecture | frisch@szs.ch

#### 1. AUSTRIA

# Central Railway Station Salzburg, 2012

Location Salzburg (A)

Client ÖBB Infrastruktur AG, Vienna
Architects kadawittfeldarchitektur, Aachen (D)

Engineers Werner Consult Ziviltechnikergesellschaft m.b.H., Vienna

Steelwork Zeman & Co GmbH., Vienna

Press contact ÖSTV – Österreichischer Stahlbauverband | georg.matzner@fmmi.at

#### 2. CZECH REPUBLIC

### Bridge accross the Lochkov Valley, Prague, 2010

Location Prague (CZ)

Client/Owner Reditelstvi silnic a dalnic CR, Prague

Architects Ing. Arch. Patrik Kotas and Ing. Arch. Petr Safranek., Brno

Engineers Bögl a Krýsl kom. spol., Prague

Steelwork Max Bögl Stahl und Anlagenbau / MCE Slaný s.r.o., Neumarkt (D)
Press contact CAOK – Czech Constructional Steelwork Association | janda@caok.cz

#### 3. FRANCE

# Stade de Lille, 2012

Location Lille (F)

Client ELISA, Villeneuve d'Ascq Architects Valode et Pistre, Paris Engineers GREISH, Liège (B)

Steelwork EIFFAGE METAL, Colombes Cedex

Press contact SCMF - Syndicat de la Construction Métallique de France | jlgauliard@scmf.com.fr

#### 4. GERMANY

#### Bharati, New Indian Research Station, Antarctica, 2012

Location Larseman Hills, Antarctica

Client NCAOR - National Centre for Antarctic & Ocean Research,

Ministry of Earth Sciences, Goa (India)

Architects IMS Ingenieurgesellschaft mbH, Hamburg (D)

Engineers Heinrich Lamparter Stahlbau GmbH & Co. KG, Kaufungen (D)

Steelwork KAEFER Construction GmbH, Hamburg (D)

Press contact Bauforumstahl e.V. | angelika.demmer@bauforumstahl.de

#### **5. HUNGARY**

#### Kopitnari International Airport, 2012

Location Kutaisi, Georgia

Client United Airports of Georgia LLC, Tbilisi, Georgia

Architects UN STUDIO, Amsterdam (NL)

Engineers CEOS, Civil Engineering and Consulting Ltd. and M.T.M. Markovits, Civil Engineering and

Consulting Ltd. Budapest (HU)

Steelwork Rutin Ltd. Dombóvár (HU)

Press contact MAGESZ - Hungarian Steel Association | Idunai@epito.bme.hu

#### 6. ITALY

#### New High Speed Railway Station, Turin Porta Susa, 2013

Location Turin, Italy

Client RFI – Ferrovie dello Stato Italiane, Turin

Architects/ AREP, Paris (J.M. Duthilleul, E. Tricaud) – Silvio D'Ascia Architecte

Engineers together with prof. arch. Agostino Magnaghi

Steelwork BIT, Cordignano (TV

Press contact ACAI – The Italian Association of Steel Constructors | isa.zangrando@acaiacs.it

# 7. LUXEMBOURG

#### CCK Centre de Conférence Kirchberg, Luxembourg-Kirchberg, 2012

Location Luxembourg Kirchberg,

Client Administration Travaux Publics, Luxembourg
Architects Jourdan & Müller, Frankfurt (D) | Luxembourg
Engineers INCA, Niederanven | SGI, Luxembourg
Steelwork CLE et Spannverbund, Strassen | Roedt

CDCL et Mabilux, Leudelange

#### 8. NETHERLANDS

#### Platform canopies and Pedestrian bridge, Arnhem Central Station, 2013

Location Arnhem (NL)

Client Prorail Nieuwbouw, Utrecht (NL)

Architects UN Studio, Amsterdam

Engineers Buiting Machinebouw & Staalconstructie, Almelo (NL)

Steelwork BAM utiliteitsbouw, Arnhem (NL)

Press contact SNS - Samenwerkende Nederlandse Staalbouw | vasquez@staalbouw.net

#### 9. NORWAY

#### **Trollstigen National Tourist Route, 2013**

Location Trollstigen – Tourist Route

Client Statens vegvesen, Nasjonal Turistveger, Oslo

Architects Reiulf Ramstad Arkitekter AS, Oslo
Engineers Dr Techn. Kristoffer Apeland AS, Oslo
Steelwork Christie og Opsal AS, Molde (NO)

Press contact NSA – Norsk Stalvorbund | post@stalforbund.com

#### 10. PORTUGAL

#### Arena Fonte Nova Stadium, Salvador da Baia, Brazil, 2013

Location Salvador da Baia, Brazil

Client Fonte Nova Negócios e Participações S/A- FNP, Salvador, Bahia

Architects Schulitz + Partner Architekten BDA, Braunschweig (D)

Engineers RFR Ingenieure GmbH, Stuttgart (D)

Steelwork Consortium ARENA SALVADOR, formed by ODEBRECHT and OAS, Salvador, Bahia

Press contact CMM - Portuguese Steelwork Association | cmm@cmm.pt

#### 11. SWEDEN

#### The Tullhus Bridge, 2012

Location Norrköping, Sweden

Client Norrköpings kommun, Norrköping
Architects Erik Andersson Architects, Stockholm

Engineers Ramböll Sweden, Luleå Steelwork Lecor Stålteknik, Kungälv

Press contact SBI - Stalbyggnadsinstitutet | ars.hamrebjork@construedo.se

#### 12. SWITZERLAND

#### Bridge Hans Wilsdorf, Geneva, 2012

Location Geneva

Client Fondation Hans Wilsdorf, Carouge, Geneva

Architects Atelier d'architecture Brodbeck-Roulet, Carouge, Geneva

Engineers Amsler & Bombeli Associés, Chêne-Bougeries

Steelwork Zwahlen & Mayr, Aigle

Press contact SZS - Stahlbau Zentrum Schweiz | Swiss Institute for Steel Construction | frisch@szs.ch

# 13. TURKEY

# Steel Radar Towers, Izmit

Location Izmit, Turkey

Izmir (11 units); Izmit (3 units), Mersin-Iskenderun (7 units); Marmara Region (3 units)

Client Republic of Turkey | Ministry of Transportation, Shipping, and Communication, Ankara

Architects Ragip Buluc Architects, Ankara

Engineers Burkay Proje Mimarlik Mühendislik, Ankara

Steelwork Üçgen İnsaat Denizcilik Sanayi ve Ticaret Ltd. Sti., İstanbul

Press contact TUCSA - Turk Yapisal Celik Dernegi | berna@tucsa.org

Following detailed description and documentation of the projects by country in alphabetic order

# 1. AUSTRIA







#### Central Railway Station Salzburg, 2012

Location Salzburg (A)

ÖBB Infrastruktur AG, Vienna Client Architects kadawittfeldarchitektur, Aachen (D)

Engineers Werner Consult Ziviltechnikergesellschaft m.b.H., Vienna

Steelwork Zeman & Co GmbH., Vienna

Sub-contractors for roof panelling:

SK Stahlbau GmbH, CENO Membrane Technology GmbH, JNS Dachtechnik GmbH

#### **Description**

The central railway station of Salzburg has been a dead-end station up to 2010. Approximately 25,000 passengers per day (with estimated 35,000 passengers in 2020) needed a higher available capacity. This was achieved by four additional tracks and the modification from a dead-end station to continuous tracks. At the same time a large-area roof (covering all platforms and tracks with high lucency and natural light) instead of the existing single platform roofs were erected to achieve higher passenger comfort. This took place necessarily under observance of the monument protected unique historical steel construction and today's safety requirements of modern railway stations. All construction works took place during full railway traffic.

The project shows the possibility to integrate historical constructions from the 19th century with outstanding architectural structures from the 21st century in a successful manner. The project shows the spectrum of steelwork technologies from handcraft (like restoration of historical constructions) up to new innovative technologies (like the beams). The sustainability of structural steelwork can be shown in an impressive way. Today's requirements of fire safety could be achieved in an economic way without using expensive and maintenance intensive fire protection coatings.

13<sup>th</sup> of July 2012 Completion date

**Dimensions** Area of thin roofs (standing seam roof and aluminium composite bottom): 15.000 m<sup>2</sup>

Area of membrane roofs (ETFE): 7.000 m<sup>2</sup>

Dimensions of the large area roof: 330 x 80 m; Area of membrane roofs 7'000 m<sup>2</sup>

Weight of the bearing structural steelwork: 3'600 t Tonnage

Main structure New large area roof: Span of the main beams up to 52m with a construction height

of only one meter (partly usage of SIN beams). In answer to the historical

construction partly three-dimensional arched including warping.

Fire safety Fire resistance of the steel construction during 30 min. against fire load (burning

> passenger coach). Verification of the fire resistance requirements achieved by structural fire design according to Eurocode and systematic melting of roof parts. Execution of the large area roof without applying any fire protection coating.

Sustainability Successful link between conserved structural steelwork from the 19th century and

the construction type and requirements of the 21st century.

DI Georg Matzner | Österreichischer Stahlbauverband | +43 1 503 94 74 | Contact

georg.matzner@fmmi.at

#### 2. CZECH REPUBLIC





# Bridge accross the Lochkov Valley, Prague, 2010

Location Prague (CZ)

Client/Owner Reditelstvi silnic a dalnic CR, Prague

Architects Ing. Arch. Patrik Kotas and Ing. Arch. Petr Safranek., Brno

Engineers Bögl a Krýsl kom. spol., Prague

Steelwork Max Bögl Stahl und Anlagenbau / MCE Slaný s.r.o., Neumarkt (D)

#### **Description**

Bridge across the Lochkov Valley is situated on south-west periphery of the Prague Ring Road and crosses the deep valley at a height of 63 m. The central span of the bridge is supported by slanted concrete struts that are being cast in temporarily suspended cantilevers. The composite deck is formed by one cell box girder with large overhangs supported by steel struts. The core of the bridge is the middle section with its two 57° inclined pillars. These have been re-anchored during the construction phase by tendons and completed by means of climbing formwork. The superstructure running in parallel, made of about 4'800 tons of structural steel, has been welded together with 26 partly prefabricated elements in the casting bed and launched in eleven steps.

Through an optimized implementation of all materials, a high quality and modern composite bridge resulted, also setting new standards under the aesthetical, technical and also economical point of view.

Completion date 20<sup>th</sup> September 2010

Dimensions Total length 461m, length steel construction 425.30 m

Tonnage 4723.8 t steel structures

Main structure The whole bridge is in a plan curvature with radius of 747.5 m, in longitudinal slope

of 2.4% and transverse slope of 4%. The bridge is formed by a strutted frame of span of 157.103 m, with the five spans deck of 70 + 79.85 + 99.30 + 93.85 + 80.50

m a

National jury The project "Bridge across the Lochkov Valley" was approved by Czech

Constructional Steelwork Association. Mr. Marek Janda, Secretary General

Press contact CAOK – Czech Constructional Steelwork Association | janda@caok.cz

#### 3. FRANCE





#### Stade de Lille, 2012

Location Lille (F)

Client ELISA, Villeneuve d'Ascq Architects Valode et Pistre, Paris Engineers GREISH, Liège (B)

Steelwork EIFFAGE METAL, Colombes Cedex

#### **Description**

This 50'000-seat stadium can host live entertainment in a showcase configuration. This conversion is made possible by an opening roof and a platform supporting half the pitch, which can be retracted to create an ideal space for indoor sports and live shows for 30'000 people.

This structure is technically innovative in its optimised use of steel. The complete (static and moving) roof structure is supported by two prestressed steel megabeams. Each one has a span of 205 m, 16.35 m high and 1'800 tonnes weighs. The megabeams and roof sections (total weigh of 7'200 tonnes) were assembled on the ground and then lifted 25 m into the air by a system of towers and strandjacks.

The megabeams do not obstruct the spectators' view, as their lowest points are above the level of the highest tiers. Despite their compact height, these megabeams are very stiff, enabling the four sliding roof sections (2,000 tonnes weigh) to roll along them when the roof is being closed. This performance was achieved by incorporating five 55T15 prestressing cables into the lower flange.

For acoustic reasons, only the lower half of the megabeams is visible (the top half being concealed behind panelling). The bottom half exposes the highly architectural assembly method featuring butterfly gusset plates and very attractive 300 mm diameter broaching pins. The compressed upper part economically consists of a series of follow sections that transmit the 6000-tonne compressive load by direct contact. The S 460 steel box sections were adjusted with the necessary precision using large shaping machines at our plant on the banks of the Rhine in Lauterbourg (east of France).

No fewer than eight of the EIFFAGE Metal division's European plants contributed to the stadium, especially those located in the UK, Germany and Spain. The technical innovations resulting in unobstructed views from every seat in an enclosed space that covers three and a half hectares with no visible pillars are a crowning achievement for the steel construction business and architecture.

Completion date 18<sup>th</sup> August 2012

Dimensions 265 x 120 m | Tonnage 12'000 t

Main structure Two prestressed steel beams each 1800 t; span 205 m,

supporting an opening steel roof

Fire safety no protection

Sustainability Shipping transportation from EIFFEL plant in Lauterbourg on Rhin river,

timber secondary roof beams

National jury

and contact Jean-Louis Gauliard, Secrétaire Général SCMF

Syndicat de la Construction Métallique de France | Puteaux Cedex |

Tel. +33 1 47 74 66 15 | jlgauliard@scmf.com.fr

#### 4. GERMANY





#### Bharati, New Indian Research Station, Antarctica, 2012

Location Larseman Hills, Antarctica

Client NCAOR - National Centre for Antarctic & Ocean Research,

Ministry of Earth Sciences, Goa (India)

Architects IMS Ingenieurgesellschaft mbH, Hamburg (D)

Engineers Heinrich Lamparter Stahlbau GmbH & Co. KG, Kaufungen (D)

Steelwork KAEFER Construction GmbH, Hamburg (D)

#### Description

This design shows how steel can be utilized in the most efficient and flexible manner providing excellent results from its assembly to its dismantling. The Bharati New Indian Research Station, located in the Larseman Hills, Antarctica, is a project whose requirements were highly demanding. Winters lasting eight months with an extremely harsh climate were not the only challenge the planners were presented with, concerning logistics as well as time required for construction.

A team of specialists from different engineering firms managed to solve all issues and designed an efficient and technically feasible solution with regards to sustainability, building physics and practicability - at the same time allowing for low-costs, extreme weather conditions and an extremely short construction period of only four months: ISO freight containers were assembled in force-locked joints resulting in an extraordinarily appealing architecture. The prefabricated containers were first used for transport of all the materials that are needed at the research station. After their assembly the same containers became an essential part of the supporting structure.

Completion date 1<sup>st</sup> April 2012

Dimensions 2'000 m<sup>2</sup> | Tonnage 178 t

Main structure Assembly of 134 containers to a multifunctional, compact steel-structure Fire safety Fire-Protected doors (T-30) based on Wicstyle 75. Punch windows (F30)

Sustainability The modular system of 134 containers allows any kind of reassembly and reuse

according to the special requirements. Moreover the containers are utilized for transport and thus waste is reduced to a minimum. This smart structure is highly

efficient regarding sustainability

National jury Dipl.-Ing. Ralf Luther, Stahlbau Magdeburg GmbH | Dr.-Ing. Armin Franke, Gartner Steel and Glass GmbH | Dr.-Ing. Rolf Heddrich, Goldbeck Bauelemente Bielefeld GmbH | Dipl.-Ing. Ralf Banzhaf, Stahlbau Süssen GmbH | Dipl.-Vw. Gunther Batzke, RSB Rudolstädter Systembau GmbH | Dr.-Ing. Hans-Walter Haller, Haller Industriebau GmbH | Dipl.-Ing. Rolf Heinecke, Christmann & Pfeifer Construction GmbH & Co. KG | Dr.-Ing. Dietmar H. Maier, Ingenieurgruppe Bauen | Ingo Miletic, Claus Queck GmbH | Dipl.-Ing. Ullrich Pfabe, Züblin Stahlbau GmbH | Dr. Christoph Steinhardt, RST Stahlbau GmbH & Co. KG | Dipl.-Ing. Reiner Temme, Temme Stahl- und Industriebau GmbH

Press contact Bauforumstahl e.V. | angelika.demmer@bauforumstahl.de

#### **5. HUNGARY**





#### Kopitnari International Airport, 2012

Location Kutaisi, Georgia

Client United Airports of Georgia LLC, Tbilisi, Georgia

Architects UN STUDIO, Amsterdam (NL)

Engineers CEOS, Civil Engineering and Consulting Ltd. and M.T.M. Markovits, Civil Engineering and

Consulting Ltd. Budapest (HU)

Steelwork Rutin Ltd. Dombóvár (HU)

#### **Description**

Kopitnari International Airport was one of the most important Georgian investments in recent years. The 5000 m2 steel terminal building with timber interior had been designed by UN Studio; CEOS Ltd was responsible for super-structural design. In tight scheduling the design started in Autumn 2011, the Airport opened its gates on the 15th Sept, 2012. Keeping the real-time dynamic contact with the Dutch architects the project became an emblematic example of the right architect-civil engineer communication.

The design was performed by using Hungarian FEM software and TEKLA. Despite of the M8 earthquake and the dominant temperature-effect, finally a slender structure could be completed. The fabrication and erection of the 500 tons structure was done by the Hungarian Rutin Ltd with strict quality assurance. Each element was road-transported to the 3000 km far Kutaisi, where the structure was erected in 5 weeks. Design, fabrication and site work led to the final result: satisfied customer, no site corrections. The Hungarian Steel Association Presidium awarded the project for the excellent and high quality professional design and execution of the steel structure regarding the work-shop drawings and in-site fabrication which also meets the aesthetic requirements.

Completion date 15<sup>th</sup> September 2012

Dimensions 5000 m<sup>2</sup>; layout: 92 x 62 m rectangle

Tonnage 560 t

Main structure Steel-timber skeleton structure with rolled and welded I/box sections, tubular

columns

Fire safety Painting and sprinkler system

Sustainability Recyclable steel structure and timber structure of natural wood

National jury |

Press contact MAGESZ - Hungarian Steel Association contact: Prof. László Dunai |

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#### 6. ITALY







# New High Speed Railway Station, Turin Porta Susa, 2013

Location Turin, Italy

Client RFI – Ferrovie dello Stato Italiane, Turin

Architects/ AREP, Paris (J.M. Duthilleul, E. Tricaud) - Silvio D'Ascia Architecte

Engineers together with prof. arch. Agostino Magnaghi

Steelwork BIT, Cordignano (TV)

#### **Description**

The site of the Railway Station Turin Porta Susa, first high speed railway station in the route Paris-Rome has been thought as an urban place connected with the city. A real exchange pole which allows travellers to easily achieve to the different means of transport. Urban and intermodal place, this is an innovative project in the railway universe in order to face the need of having a urban hub integrator of public transport systems and social spaces. The Railway Station is a real exchange pole which allows travellers to easily achieve to the different means of transport. The Station is a long gallery covered from a stately glass window of 385 m length per 30 m wide, marked every 100 m by transversal crossing axles. At the same level of this passage, the entrees are pointed out in the glass window by lifted shaped doors. Inside the gallery a sequence of steel and glass volumes are erected on a two level concrete basement occupied by parking and technical rooms. The glass skin (15'000 m²) is fully covered from photovoltaic single crystal cells, acting as sun screen and allowing optimizing the comfort of public areas in summer as well as in winter.

This work is a highly significant example of the versatility of steel and its role as an irreplaceable building material in distinctive and complex large scale works. Architectural form makes the station unique and instantly recognisable, and the building is an example of the highest international standards in this area of construction. Due to the originality of the design and use of the steel structures, according the tradition of railway station building, it has once again been possible to achieve significant results from aesthetic, economic, constructive, functional viewpoints.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Completion date} & 31^{\text{st}} \; \text{March 2013} \\ \text{Dimensions} & 385 \; \text{x 30 m; 15'000 m}^2 \\ \end{array}$ 

Fire safety Coat intumescent paint and finishing for structures. Sprinkler plant inside Sustainability Entirely covered by photovoltaic cells located into the glass panels

National jury ACAI – The Italian Association of Steel Constructors, Milan

Dott. Ing. Alberto Vintani - Member of the Executive Board of ACAI, delegate for

Cultural and Scientific Activities

Press contact ACAI – The Italian Association of Steel Constructors | isa.zangrando@acaiacs.it

Photographs © BIT, Cordignano (TV)

#### 7. LUXEMBOURG







#### CCK Centre de Conférence Kirchberg, Luxembourg-Kirchberg, 2012

Location Luxembourg Kirchberg,

Client Administration Travaux Publics, Luxembourg
Architects Jourdan & Müller, Frankfurt (D) | Luxembourg
Engineers INCA, Niederanven | SGI, Luxembourg
Steelwork CLE et Spannverbund, Strassen | Roedt

CDCL et Mabilux, Leudelange

#### **Description** / Description (F)

Le centre de congrès qui accueille trois fois par an les sessions des conseils des Ministres de l'union européenne, et qui abrite le Ministère du développement durable et des infrastructures, est un bâtiment emblématique en acier. Il a été inauguré en 2012.

Ce bâtiment de 38'000 m², 185'000 m³ dont le coût est de 125 millions d'Euros, comprends plusieurs phases réalisées entre 2002 et 2012: L'extension et la modernisation de salles existantes ainsi que la rénovation des façades de la tour centrale du bâtiment. La réhabilitation et la mise aux normes des infrastructures existantes ont été appréhendées afin de répondre aux critères énergétiques souhaités. Plus de 10'000 tonnes d'aciers ont été mises en œuvre pour ce centre. L'acier a permis d'augmenter la rigidité des colonnes de la tour de 22 étages de manière compacte en mettant en place des cages sont composées de profilés reconstitués soudés et de profilés laminés en U120. L'acier a permis aussi d'innover en réalisant pour la salle de cérémonies et le restaurant des ministres une structure métallique horizontale d'une portée de 24 mètres, assortie d'un système novateur de ressorts afin de diminuer l'amplitude de l'accélération.

L'acier a été mise en œuvre dans des applications traditionnelles telles que les poutres mixtes acier-béton pour parer aux faibles hauteurs disponibles, et aussi pour répondre aux exigences des architectes et des bureaux d'études. il a permis de répondre aux contraintes dimensionnelles particulières, de satisfaire aux critères de légèreté et d'économie, et d'être dans les délais impartis. Ce projet permet d'avoir une emprunte architecturale moderne esthétique qui met en œuvre un concept environnemental performant.

Completion date June 2011

Dimensions 38'200 m² (per stage) and 185'000 m³ (construction volume)

Main structure poutrelles HES et HEM de 200 et 300 pour la coupole de 31 mètres

Fire safety Partially by composite structures also by a fire painting in combination with sprinklers

for the assembly halls in phase 1B.

Sustainability "Toward Zero Energy": more relevant than ever Reducing consumption of non-

renewable energy in the projects developed by the group is the main aspect of the

advisory work done by the sustainable development department.

National jury

and contact FEDIL Business Federation Luxembourg

Mr. Ernest Hendrickx (Président ILTM Construction métallique) tel: +35 2 80 29 1 -404 | mobile: +35 2 621 195 359 | iltm@fedil.lu

#### 8. NETHERLANDS





# Platform canopies and Pedestrian bridge, Arnhem Central Station, 2013

Location Arnhem (NL)

Client Prorail Nieuwbouw, Utrecht (NL)

Architects UN Studio, Amsterdam

Engineers Buiting Machinebouw & Staalconstructie B.V., Almelo (NL)

Steelwork BAM utiliteitsbouw B.V., Arnhem (NL)

#### Description

AN UNDULATING STEEL STRUCTURE WITH LARGE ROOF LIGHTS PROVIDES UNCLUTTERED SPACE WITH INCREASED SAFETY

The Arnhem Central Station area is the location of one of the New Key Projects in the Netherlands. These are large-scale developments concentrated around stations that serve the European high-speed rail network. The iconic 'Tracks in Arnhem' project consisting of new platform canopies and a pedestrian bridge became fully operational in the spring of 2012.

The design takes account of large height differences in the station area. At one side the city is 8 m higher than the tracks and at the other the tracks are 6 m higher than the city. This provides a view over the platform complex from Amsterdamseweg (one of the most important access roads into the city) to the city-centre landmark St Eusebius' Church. To keep this line-of-sight intact it was decided not to build a traditional station roof, but instead a low hybrid roof form with an eye-catching undulating 'roofscape'. Accentuations to the height have only been made where the pedestrian bridge intersects with the stairs from the platforms.

The undulating roofscape and the seamlessly integrated pedestrian bridge provide the traveller with clear orientation and optimal spatial perception. The distinctive steel structure makes large spans possible and, together with the large roof lights, creates a feeling of space and light. These aspects contribute to a safe and positive experience for travellers at the station as well as for those working and living in the surrounding buildings.

The incorporation of easily accessible service conduits will enable future electrical and mechanical modifications to be integrated easily and aesthetically. Also lighting systems, security cameras, loudspeakers and storm water systems are fully concealed in the platform roofs and in the forked steel columns, which also serve as seating elements.

# Jury report

The new canopies and the matching traffic buildings make a huge improvement to the platforms, as well as the station and the City of Arnhem. The project clearly has a non-Dutch allure, but was constructed with a Dutch budget. It has been carefully designed and consistently detailed with steel being the most appropriate construction material. The white colour emphasises the exotic image of the entire intervention in the station area. It is an outstanding example of steel construction.

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Completion date 1<sup>st</sup> June 2013

Dimensions 4 x platform roof: 210 x 9 till 14 meter, total 10'000 m<sup>2</sup>

Tonnage 1500 t Main structure steelframe

Fire safety fire proofing spray and protection by concrete flooring

Sustainability large spans, roof-lights and glass-windows minimise artificial lighting and result in a

clear orientation for travellers.

National jury Drs. F.V.T.C. van Thiel (chairman SNS, vanthiel@staalbouw.net), A. Dolsma

(communications Bouwen met Staal, arend@bouwenmetstaal.nl), ing. M. Pauw (editor in chief Bouwen met Staal, marco@bouwenmetstaal.nl), ing. F.E. Vasquez

(director SNS, vasquez@staalbouw.net)

Press contact SNS – Samenwerkende Nederlandse Staalbouw | vasquez@staalbouw.net

#### 9. NORWAY







#### **Trollstigen National Tourist Route, 2013**

Location Trollstigen – Tourist Route

Client Statens vegvesen, Nasjonal Turistveger, Oslo

Architects Reiulf Ramstad Arkitekter AS, Oslo
Engineers Dr Techn. Kristoffer Apeland AS, Oslo
Steelwork Christie og Opsal AS, Molde (NO)

#### **Description**

The Trollstigen plateau is perched within a dramatic pass between the deep fjords that characterize Norway. The site can only be visited and constructed in summer, due to severe winter weather. Despite the inaccessible nature of the site, the project comprise of an entire visitor environment including a mountain lodge with restaurant and gallery, flood barriers, water cascades, bridges, paths, outdoor furniture and platforms. The architectural intervention is respectfully delicate, and was conceived as a thin thread that guides visitors from one stunning overlook to another.

Trollstigen is a robust facility, dimensioned for durability with minimal maintenance and large static stresses. The area receives up to 7 meters of snow during winter, placing extreme demands on the static strength of structures and details – yet the design doesn't compromise the visual slenderness.

Cast-in-place concrete and corten steel are the main materials. The steel oxidizes and gain its own a patina over time. The concrete has been treated with several different techniques. The materials express clear and precise transitions between the architecture and the natural landscape.

Completion date 16<sup>th</sup> June 2012

Dimensions Various plated sections

Tonnage 150 tons Corten + 25 tons stainless steel + 5 tons aluminium

Main structure Foot bridges, paths and viewing platform

Sustainability With the use of Corten (weathering steel) in the main structures there will be no need

of surface maintenance in the life circle

National jury Norwegian Steel Association | NSA – Norsk Stalvorbund

The jury members:

Grete Kvinnesland, Bymiljø- og utbygging, Stavanger kommune, representant for

Norske Arkitekters Landsforbund

Stig Møllersen, Multiconsult AS, representant for Norsk Forening for

Stålkonstruksjoner

Kåre Solberg, Contiga AS, representant for Rådgivende Ingeniørers Forening

Tonje Bay, Contiga AS, representant for Den norske Stålgruppen

Press contact NSA – Norsk Stalvorbund | Kjetil Myhre | +47 41 02 15 98 | post@stalforbund.com

#### 10. PORTUGAL







# Arena Fonte Nova Stadium, Salvador da Baia, Brazil, 2013

Location Salvador da Baia, Brazil

Client Fonte Nova Negócios e Participações

S/A-FNP, Salvador, Bahia

Architects Schulitz + Partner Architekten BDA, Braunschweig (D)

Engineers RFR Ingenieure GmbH, Stuttgart (D)

Steelwork Consortium ARENA SALVADOR, formed by ODEBRECHT and OAS, Salvador, Bahia

Press contact Photographs

By optimizing the steel consumption in function of the materials resistance characteristics, the steel structure of the large roof covering of Arena Fonte Nova, in Salvador, provides a very elegant and light solution. The biggest span of this structure is 258 meters long, and having a total weight of 1800 Tons, it provides coverage to 50 000 soccer spectators. The structure is composed of an outer compression ring and of an inner tension ring, which are connected by a secondary steel structure for roof trusses and fabric support. Moreover, the erection of the steel structure was performed by an also very interesting process, lifting in one time the all tension ring and connecting it to the entire roof cables and structure.

Completion date 30<sup>st</sup> March 2013 Dimensions 258 m x 216 m

Tonnage 1800 t

Main structure Steel structure with loaded cables

Fire safety no protection required

Sustainability Built with advanced engineering technology, the Nova Arena will have an advanced

security system with cameras in the internal circuit, screens and electronic

equipment to control access.

National jury CMM – Portuguese Steelwork Association |

Prof. Nuno Silvestre; Prof. Rui Simões; Prof. Nuno Lopes

Press contact CMM – Portuguese Steelwork Association | cmm@cmm.pt

#### 11. SWEDEN







#### The Tullhus Bridge - Tullhusbron, 2012

Location Norrköping, Sweden

Client Norrköpings kommun, Norrköping Architects Erik Andersson Architects, Stockholm

Engineers Ramböll Sweden, Luleå Steelwork Lecor Stålteknik, Kungälv

#### Description

The Tullhus Bridge is located in Norrköping and takes pedestrians and cyclists from Strömsholmen to the north quay in the city centre. The 72 meter long bridge is constructed of steel and has an hourglass-shaped body tapering towards the center both in plan and section. The beam height varies between 1.55 m to only 0.84 m at mid-span, giving a remarkably slim bridge. The bridge is held in place with negative supports, via tension rods transmitting the forces into the ground. This has been crucial to cope with the extreme slenderness. Additionally, vibration dampers are mounted in the bridge. The bridge is painted in silver metallic and its shiny underside reflects the water in the channel. A built-in hot-air system makes it possible to heat the bridge and keep it clear from snow in the winter. The first air-heated bridge in Sweden required a complicated construction process. It was prefabricated in one piece and transported in one single piece 3 km through the streets of Norrköping before reaching the building site.

#### **Jury Evaluation**

In a single slim form soars Tullhus Bridge from the quayside in the north to the lush Strömsholmen in the south. All through steel in both the expression and in the design, formed with a safe hand, where architecture and design interact with conformity. It is a showcase in the difficult art of simplicity. Every measure, every angle, every meeting between the two plates is far exaggerated in its simplification and highlights the entire mold elegance, which is impressive in a municipal construction projects.

It also hides simple ingenuity. The challenging thinness in the visible leap of over 60 m is possible with the short tensioned endspan hidden in the abutments, where the unusual air heating system also has its place. The Tullhus Bridge seems so obvious. It arrange it selves humbly in its context while it convincing speaks its own contemporary and language - without shouting!

Completion date 30<sup>st</sup> November 2012

Dimensions 72 meter long

Tonnage 125 t

Main structure Pedestrian bridge

National jury

and press contact SBI – Stalbyggnadsinstitutet | lars.hamrebjork@construedo.se

Lars Hamrebjörk | +46 70 630 22 17 | lars@sbi.se

#### 12. SWITZERLAND







#### Bridge Hans Wilsdorf, Geneva, 2012

Location Geneva

Client Fondation Hans Wilsdorf, Carouge, Geneva

Architects Atelier d'architecture Brodbeck-Roulet, Carouge, Geneva

Engineers Amsler & Bombeli Associés, Chêne-Bougeries

Steelwork Zwahlen & Mayr SA, Aigle

#### **Description**

The steel structure of Hans Wilsdorf's bridge is composed of interlaced elliptic rings and linear elements. An expressive and elegant shape that is not just a link between the two river banks but a true experience for those who cross the river Arve.

Reinterpreting a traditional truss bridge, the structure has a longitudinal profile that describes a slight bow spanning 85.4m without intermediate supports. Its shape is the result of a long architectural and structural research that endeavoured to find a rational and cost effective construction, despite the randomness in appearance.

The metal structure forms a large tube 8.5 meters high that criss-crosses a prestressed concrete deck. The envelope is composed of different types of elements: three lower square sections, two entrance "gates", two upper longitudinal sections, two main arcs, elliptical rings and three wraparound curves. Between the two ends of the bridge, two types of elliptical rings are distributed symmetrically all along the structure. More than 250 section parameters were entered into a computer program in order to ensure strict compliance with the geometry. With its 15.5 meter wide deck, the bridge comprises two traffic lanes and two separate paths for pedestrians and cyclists. Its generous dimensions flow from the desire to promote low-impact public mobility as well as integration into the surrounding neighbourhood.

At night the project turns into a work of art. The red light that illuminates the interior, combined with the bluish-white tints of the exterior, creates a chromatic duality reminiscent of an alpine landscape at dawn or at dusk. All the structural and aesthetic qualities of the Hans-Wilsdorf bridge earned it a "European steel design award 2013"

Completion date 30<sup>st</sup> October 2012 Dimensions 85m / 17.5m / 7.9m

Tonnage 1550 t

Main structure Ellyptic, linear Elements; S355; S460

National jury Swiss Institute for Steel Construction | Stahlbau Zentrum Schweiz

President of the Jury Prix Acier: Prof. Peter Berger; Evelyn C. Frisch SZS

Photographs Mauren Brodbeck | steeldoc

Press contact SZS – Stahlbau Zentrum Schweiz | Swiss Institute for Steel Construction |

Managing Director Evelyn C. Frisch | +41 44 261 89 71 | frisch@szs.ch

#### 13. TURKEY











#### Steel Radar Towers, Izmit

Location Izmit, Turkey

Izmir (11 units); Izmit (3 units), Mersin-Iskenderun (7 units); Marmara Region (3 units)

Client Republic of Turkey | Ministry of Transportation, Shipping, and Communication, Ankara

Architects Ragip Buluc Architects, Ankara

Engineers Burkay Proje Mimarlik Mühendislik, Ankara

Steelwork Üçgen İnsaat Denizcilik Sanayi ve Ticaret Ltd. Sti., İstanbul

#### Description

After reinforced concrete radar towers were built in Istanbul and the Gallipoli straits, it became necessary that the radar towers for the Marmara, İzmit, İzmir and Mersin regions (total 24 units) would be constructed using a steel system, because the site conditions would not allow concrete placement, and most of them were located in the forest off the beaten track. It was decided to apply the system titled "Method of Stabilizing Spirals Using Metal Plates", developed and patented by Alaittin Attaroğlu, MS Engineering.

The system's parts were lightweight and the sizes are such that they can be lifted and carried by one man. Furthermore, it was preferred because water and wind traps would not exist when the tower was completed. Architecturally, two interlocking cylinders were envisioned. The lightening conductor system, which needed to be higher than the radar unit, was placed on the highest point of elliptic end of the outer cylinder thereby allowing uninhibited antenna rotation. The tower was placed in a prefabricated square court. The inner cylinder was white, and the outer cylinder was chosen to be red to warn aircraft.

The contrasting appearance of a technological structure within nature has been a magnificent result without artificiality. The spiral element system allows low-cost manufacturing compared to existing systems, thanks to its technical structure. According to **the preliminary design** and calculations, it has been estimated that the spiral element system cost-advantage will generally be between 30% and 40%, and our project solution will obtain these estimated target values. The seismic resistance of the spiral element system is greater than the seismic resistance of existing systems because of its technical structure. The system has the most capacity to absorb seismic energy due to its technical structure.

Completion date 4<sup>th</sup> May 2012

Dimensions Towers are 21 m, 30, or 42 m high National jury TUCSA – Turk Yapisal Celik Dernegi

Prof. Dr. Nesrin Yardimci; Msc.Arch. Eng. YasÃ,Ã,Ÿar Marulyali Prof. Dr. Deniz Incedayi; Prof. Dr. Hasan Sener; Dr. Eng. Selcuk Iz

Arch. Oguz Oztuzcu; Arch. Dogan Tekeli

Press contact TUCSA – Turk Yapisal Celik Dernegi | berna@tucsa.org

# European Student Awards 2013

The Student Awards for Steel Design are a subcategory of European Steel Design Awards. The objective is to give European recognition to outstanding student projects in architectural design using structural steel as a prominent architectural feature. The rules are similar to the Steel Design Awards. The following national student projects have been awarded.

# 1. Germany





bauforumstahl e.V. | Dipl.-Ing. Bernhard Hauke, PhD | <u>zentrale@bauforumstahl.de</u>| www.bauforumstahl.de

Project REINFORCED - exhibition space at Drubbel in Münster

Students Hendrik Brinkmann & Holger Harmeier

University FH Münster – msa | münster school of architecture

Prof. Prof. h.c. Dipl.-Ing. Herbert Bühler

Foerderpreis des Deutschen Stahlbaues 2012 (Promotional Award 2012 for German Steel construction) on October, 19th 2012 at the Day of Steel.Architecture | Jury of the "Förderpreis des Deutschen Stahlbaues 2012"

### **Description and evaluation**

Though the open passageway area next to the Gothic Church in the rebuilt historic Old Town of Münster is prominently located, it is lacking in clear outlines as the area is formed by several residual areas. The aim was to redefine this urban space by adding clear demarcation lines, angles and new layers, while retaining the Gothic Church as the central focus.

The below street level showrooms are accessible via a markedly wedge-shaped entrance pavilion and emerge at street level as triangular uplifts on the ground. The urban space is thus expanded by two additional levels that incorporate new points of reference and spatial relations.

Hitherto dominated by "stone" only, the urban space is extended by a concrete and ferroconcrete composite structure, a construction that is optimally responsive to tensile and compressive strengths. The construction highlights steel not only as a key design element in its distinctive exterior appearance, it also makes full use of state-of-the-art steel processing technology and thus showcases the high-performance possibilities offered by modern steel construction.

The design convinces with its sensitive approach towards the historic Old Town environment, yet it establishes a clear differentiation. The triangular uplifts on the ground surface create new spatial relations and scenarios. The use of a composite material in realizing the construction is particularly outstanding, as it has led to a flat slab with steel beams in a rhombus-shaped arrangement. Steel in this project embodies a key structural design element that immediately reveals its function and strength. For the jury, this innovative use of the material is an outstanding achievement.

#### 2. Italy





ACAI - Associazione fra i Costruttori in Acciaio Italiani | Isa Zangrando | <u>isa.zangrando@acaiacs.it</u> www.acaiacs.it

Project Two cycle and pedestrian lanes in the former Foro Boario di Davanzo area in Padua

Students Alice Bellotto, Samuela Durante University University IUAV, Venice (ITALY)

Prof. Dr. Ing S. Russo, Prof. Dr. Ing. Enzo Siviero Thesis degree competition May 2011 - April 2012

Jury ACAI Dr. Ing. Bruno Finzi, Chairman of Jury

From the formal viewpoint, this is an interesting, original design, both overall in relation to the surrounding conditions, and in terms of its more detailed aspects. In construction terms, the design has been developed with great attention to detail, and one of the modules was subjected to resistance testing by means of the semi-probabilistic at the limit state verification method.

# 3. Norway

Date







Norwegian Steel Association | Kjetil Myhre | post@stalforbund.com | www.stalforbund.com

Project Seeing the park for the trees

Students Guro Langemyhr og Rasmus Steen Pettersen School/University The Oslo School of Architecture and Design

Professor Bente Kleven

Project date 2012-11-20

Main structure concept Tree like shapes and sections in the main structures
Sustainability Sustainable design, harmonizing the trees in the park

#### **Evaluation**

The task was to explore and design housing for students with a public available function on the ground. The project shows a master volume with a reasonable steel construction which helps to give the project a special architectural expression as a part of the series of quarters (blocks).

The project also shows an interesting initiative on how individual building volumes can be connected to the master volume, and supported on "trees" into a parkroom behind. The volumes light as "lamps" in the park in the afternoon and evening. The main load bearing structures in all volumes are fabricated steel components.

#### 4. Switzerland



Swiss Institute for Steel Construction | Stahlbau Zentrum Schweiz | Evelyn C. Frisch | <a href="mailto:frisch@szs.ch">frisch@szs.ch</a> www.szs.ch

Project Urban housing in preservation zone, city of Zurich

Student Alexandra Gamper | Master of Arts (M.A.)
University Zurich University of Applied Sciences

School of Architecture, Design and Civil Engineering

Jury Prof. Beat Waeber, Arch. BSA/SIA

Prof. Daniel Meyer, dipl. Bauing. ETH SIA SWB

Master Thesis

Hybride Stahlkonstruktion in einer Quartiererhaltungszone der Stadt Zürich

# **Description / German**

Die Fragestellung eines mehrgeschossigen Wohnhauses in einer hybriden Stahlkonstruktion erhält durch die Wahl des Standortes – in einem städtischen Kontext, einer Quartiererhaltungszone an der Weststrasse in Zürich – bezüglich des gesuchten Ausdruckes zusätzliche Brisanz. Am Institut für Konstruktives Entwerfen an der ZHAW interessiert uns insbesondere die Wechselwirkung von Konstruktion und Ausdruck. Hier setzt die Aufgabenstellung von Alexandra Gamper an und untersucht auf unterschiedlichen Ebenen mögliche Konstruktionssysteme, welche dem spezifischen Potential des Stahlbaues im gebührenden Masse Rechnung tragen.

Obwohl die eigentliche Parzelle an der Weststrasse mit den ortsüblichen Abmessungen von 20m Länge und 12m Tiefe auf den ersten Blick kaum geeignet scheinen für einen Stahlbau mit seinem grossen statischen Potential, ist es gelungen durch die Verwendung eines Vierendeel-Tragsystems eine adäquate Tragstruktur zu entwickeln. An der Aussenfassade wird das Thema des Belegens der inneren Tragstruktur mit massiven gezogenen Stahlträgern und dazwischen gespannten Natursteinplatten neu interpretiert. Auf diese Weise können die vorherrschenden Fassadengliederungen der Gründerzeitbauten in einen zeitgemässen Ausdruck transformiert werden. Alexandre Gamper ist es auf eindrückliche Weise gelungen, mit ihrer anspruchsvollen Fragestellung eine gültige Synthese aus der inneren Struktur, der Tektonik in Verbindung mit den hybriden Konstruktionssystemen und dem Architektonischen Ausdruck zu generieren.